



Impact of Industrial Effluents on Water Quality of Streams

By Paul Walakira

LAP Lambert Academic Publishing Aug 2012, 2012. Taschenbuch. Book Condition: Neu. 220x150x4 mm. This item is printed on demand - Print on Demand Neuware - In Uganda industries generate large proportions of solid wastes and wastewater. The wastes are disposed into the environment untreated leading to pollution. This study was undertaken to examine selected physicochemical parameters of streams that receive effluents from different categories of industries in Nakawa - Mtinda industrial area of Kampala. the stream water quality were pH (3.68 -12.41mg/l), EC (212 - 4633 Scm-1), turbidity (20.9 - 715.9NTU), colour (72 - 958TCU), BOD (16.4 - 325.5 mg/l), COD (39 - 1351mg/l), TN (0.45 - 32.63mg/l), TP (0.078 - 1.674mg/l), Na (0.59 - 53.04mg/l), Cl (11.68 - 31.08mg/l), Ca (6.38- 38.75mg/l), Pb (0.039 - 0.256mg/l), Cu (0.015 - 0.52 mg/l) and Cd (below detection limit). Food and beverage industries discharged effluents in noncompliance to Ugandan national regulations (BOD, COD, EC, Nitrogen, Turbidity and Colour), while chemical and pharmaceutical industries did not comply as regards heavy metals. All the industries did not have any wastewater treatment plant. This study reveals a scenario typical of most industries in developing nations where enforcement of environmental regulations are deficient. 68 pp. Englisch.



[READ ONLINE](#)
[4.85 MB]

Reviews

This composed pdf is wonderful. Indeed, it is actually perform, continue to an amazing and interesting literature. I found out this pdf from my i and dad suggested this pdf to understand.

-- **Simeon Legros Sr.**

Without doubt, this is the very best operate by any writer. This is for all those who statte that there was not a well worth reading through. I discovered this pdf from my dad and i suggested this book to find out.

-- **Dominique Huel**