



Impact of habitat characteristics and hiking trails on Capercaillie

By Patricia C. Brandbeck

AV Akademikerverlag Okt 2015, 2015. Taschenbuch. Book Condition: Neu. 220x150x3 mm. This item is printed on demand - Print on Demand Neuware - Human activity can represent disturbance stimuli for capercaillie and is seen as one of the major causes for the population decline. Assuming that human activity takes place on hiking trails and forest roads, these were used as indicator for human disturbance. I investigated the possible impact of trails/roads on capercaillie presence in Styria and the Black Forest. The distance from one sampling plot to the next hiking trail/forest road and different habitat features have been recorded and used as explanatory variables. Capercaillie presence and absence data were used as response variable. The results show that bilberry is the most determinant factor for capercaillie presence in both study areas. What is most remarkable is the negative effect of hiking trails on capercaillie presence in the Black Forest, what may arise from human activity. Forest roads did not have any impact in one of the study areas. The reason therefore might be that forest roads are less used by people than hiking trails, as hiking trails are signposted. Human disturbance still seems to be a problem for the local...



READ ONLINE
[9.6 MB]

Reviews

Complete information! Its such a great study. It is probably the most amazing book i have got study. Once you begin to read the book, it is extremely difficult to leave it before concluding.

-- **Mr. Roger Luettgen III**

This pdf may be worth acquiring. It is definitely simplified but surprises inside the fifty percent of the pdf. I am pleased to let you know that this is the very best ebook we have read inside my own lifestyle and could be he finest publication for ever.

-- **Prof. Abe Satterfield IV**